

Markscheme

May 2018

Biology

Standard level

Paper 3

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Section A

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Q	uestio	Answers	Notes	Total
1.	а	 a. as H₂O₂ concentration increases catalase activity increases / positive correlation (up to 70 mM) ✓ b. peak activity at approximately 70 mM ✓ c. activity decreases after the peak ✓ 		2 max
1.	b	temperature / pH / enzyme concentration / enzyme volume / quantity of bacteria 🗸	2 answers for 1 mark.	1
1.	С	 a. maximum peak / optimum around 70 mM ✓ b. but overlapping error bars around 70 mM ✓ c. no clear optimum / range between 60 – 90 mM ✓ d. may only be true for this strain <i>Vibrio rumoiensis</i> / other variables not reported (e.g. another form of catalase) ✓ 		2 max

Question	Answers	Notes	Total
2. a	 a. both types of mixing increase zooplankton biomass (compared to control) ✓ b. disc mixing is most effective / more effective than bubbling ✓ c. below about 7 days mixing has little effect ✓ d. rate of increased biomass falls for disc method after 13 days compared to the others ✓ 		2 max
2. b	a. some abiotic variables can be controlled/limited/eliminated ✓ b. (near) natural environment / imitates real conditions ✓ c. on a smaller scale / easier to measure changes ✓		2 max
2. c	 a. temperature/sunlight may have varied between the mesocosms ✓ b. some mixing could have occurred in the control ✓ c. initial communities (of plankton) may have varied ✓ 		1 max

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3.	а	answer between 1350nm - 1560nm (accept between 1.35 and 1.56μm) ✓	Correct answer and units for 2 marks.	2 max
3.	b	allow 27 500 − 32 500 (x/times) √		
				2 max
3.	С	<u>Golgi</u> apparatus √	Accept the first answer only.	1

d. new water/organisms may have entered one or more of the mesocosms from

the lake ✓

Section B

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Option A — Neurobiology and behaviour

C	Questio	n Answers	Notes	Total
4.	а	X = cerebellum ✓ Y= pituitary gland ✓		2
4.	b	perception of pleasure / control of depression / reward centre / secretes dopamine ✓		1
4.	С	 Compare: a. both parts control higher order functions / example of higher order function ✓ b. each side controls muscle contraction on other side of body / example ✓ c. each side receives sensory input from sense organs from other side of body / example ✓ 	At least one compare and one contrast needed for 3 marks.	
		Contrast: d. right CH controls muscles on left side but left CH controls right side ✓		3 max
		e. right CH receives sensory input from left side of body but left CH receives from right side ✓		
		f. Broca's / Wernicke's / speech processing in left CH only 🗸		
		g. left CH receives sensory input from RHS of visual field in both eyes but vice versa for right CH ✓		

C	uestion	Answers	Notes	Total
5.	а	 a. turning angle of control is zero degrees whereas with IGF it is much larger ✓ b. neuron extension is greater with IGF than control ✓ c. non-overlapping error bars suggest a (significant) effect on turning angle <i>OR</i> overlapping error bars suggest a non-significant effect on neuron extension ✓ 		2 max
5.	b	 a. an axon grows from each immature neuron (in response to chemical stimuli) ✓ b. each developing neuron forms several synapses (with other neurons) ✓ c. synapses that are not used degenerate ✓ d. neural pruning / loss of unused neurons ✓ e. neural connections can change / increase with experience ✓ f. neurons may migrate and complete development at their destination ✓ 		3 max

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Q	uestion	Answers	Notes	Total
7.	uestion	 a. animal experiments give information about the brain under controlled laboratory conditions ✓ b. may not be applicable to humans / must meet high ethical standards <i>OWTTE</i> ✓ c. autopsy of a damaged brain may allow conclusions about the role of the affected part ✓ d. lesions/removal of part of the brain allows conclusion about functions of that part ✓ e. fMRI (scan) identifies brain activity as a result of stimulation (using a magnetic field) ✓ f. because active parts of the brain receive increased blood flow ✓ 	Notes	4 max
		g. most direct method / least invasive ✓		

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Option B — Biotechnology and bioinformatics

а			Answers	Notes	Total
	NH	₄NO₃ / ammonium nitrate √			1
b	foo	d preservative, flavouring, (stab	ilizer) in alcohol production √	Two answers for 1 mark.	1
С		Batch	Continuous	Answer does not need to be in a table.	
	a.	closed system / nutrients added once	open system / nutrients added continuously ✓		
	b.	environmental conditions not constant	environmental conditions constant ✓		
	C.	microbes more likely to be limited by waste / lack of nutrients	microbes less likely to be limited by waste / lack of nutrients ✓		2 max
	d.	microbes more likely to evolve/mutate	microbes less likely to evolve/mutate ✓		
	e.	contamination less likely	contamination more likely ✓		
d	b. (c.)	used to create/maintain optimun growth/maximum yield √ remove by-products / block com	n conditions for microorganism peting pathways √		2 max
		a. b. c. d. e. b.	a. closed system / nutrients added once b. environmental conditions not constant microbes more likely to be c. limited by waste / lack of nutrients d. microbes more likely to evolve/mutate e. contamination less likely d a. used to produce specific metabolic b. used to create/maintain optimum growth/maximum yield c. remove by-products / block com	a. closed system / nutrients added continuously ✓ b. environmental conditions not constant microbes more likely to be limited by waste / lack of nutrients d. microbes more likely to microbes less likely to evolve/mutate e. contamination less likely d. a. used to produce specific metabolites/chemicals/substances ✓ b. used to create/maintain optimum conditions for microorganism	a. closed system / nutrients open system / nutrients added continuously ✓ b. environmental conditions not constant constant ✓ microbes more likely to be limited by waste / lack of nutrients ✓ d. microbes more likely to evolve/mutate evolve/mutate ✓ e. contamination less likely contamination more likely ✓ d. used to produce specific metabolites/chemicals/substances ✓ b. used to create/maintain optimum conditions for microorganism growth/maximum yield ✓ c. remove by-products / block competing pathways ✓

C	Question	Answers	Notes	Total
9.	а	viral/bacterial vector / (micro)injection / electroporation / liposomes / biolistics ✓		1
9.	b	 a. bioinformatics allows rapid analysis of large numbers of (genetic) samples ✓ b. target genes can be identified/recognized rapidly ✓ c. target gene linked to sequences that control its regulation are also identified ✓ d. target gene introduced into host ✓ 		2 max
9.	С	 a. bulk production of important chemicals/medicines ✓ b. resistance to certain environmental conditions/pathogens ✓ c. resistance to herbicides/pesticides / pesticide production by plants (e.g. Bt corn) ✓ d. increase yield/nutritional value ✓ e. increase shelf life ✓ f. example of plant modified and nature / purpose of modification ✓ 		3 max

Q	uestior	Answers	Notes	Total
10.	а	environmental pollution is removed by microorganisms ✓	OWTTE	1
10.	b	 a. name of bacterium (genus required) and contaminating substance ✓ b. outline of one action of (this) bacterium to remove environmental contaminants from water or soil ✓ c. another detail of use of (this) bacterium to remove the contaminant ✓ d. advantage e.g. environmentally damaging chemicals not required / lower cost ✓ e. disadvantage e.g. may take longer / environmental conditions may not suit the bacterium ✓ 	Full marks can only be given if a named example is given. one example: a. Pseudomonas (aeruginosa) to remove oil spills b. uses crude oil for energy / breaks down crude oil c. bacteria also need other chemicals/process may be speeded up by adding essential inorganic nutrients (phosphates/nitrates).	3 max

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Question	Answers	Notes	Total
11.	a. biofilms show properties that are not shown by the individual cells / biofilms develop emergent properties ✓		
	b. quorum sensing changes microbial behaviour / biofilms produce a matrix ✓		
	c. (matrix) hard to remove from a surface ✓		
	d. biofilms are tolerant to desiccation and heat shock ✓		4 max
	e. biofilms may be very resistant to the action of (many) antibiotics/antimicrobial agents ✓		
	f. because cell division in biofilms is slow, antibiotics targeting this will be ineffective <i>OR</i>		
	matrix forms a barrier to antibiotics ✓		

Option C — Ecology and conservation

Q	uestio	n Answers	Notes	Total
12.	а	 a. occurs at the boundary between two ecosystems/habitats ✓ b. gradient of abiotic conditions at the edge ✓ c. (as a result) community differs at the edge ✓ d. community at the edge is more diverse than adjacent communities ✓ 		2 max
12.	b	 a. number of individuals differs more than number of species between the zones ✓ b. zone E has lowest diversity / zone F has highest diversity ✓ c. zone B has higher diversity than zone E ✓ d. edge effect is evident ✓ 		3 max
12.	С	capture-mark-release-recapture OR quadrat / transect ✓		1

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C	uestion	Answers	Notes	Total
13.	а	fundamental is the potential (niche) and realized is the actual (niche) 🗸	OWTTE.	1
13.	b	 a. competition can limit the niche ✓ b. competition can limit resources ✓ c. when competition is removed the niche can expand ✓ d. can result in exclusion or removal of a species from a niche / only one species can occupy a niche ✓ 		2 max
13.	С	 a. keystone species has a strong/disproportionate effect on a community/food web/ecosystem ✓ b. absence of keystone species would completely alter the ecosystem ✓ 		1 max

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Question		Answers	Notes	Total
14.	а	 a. (bare ground) colonized by microorganisms/pioneer species ✓ b. thin soil forms from rock fragments/decomposing organisms ✓ c. soil retains water (from melting permafrost/ice) ✓ d. grasses/small plants/herbaceous plants/grow ✓ e. (larger plants) create habitats for animals ✓ f. weather/climate may limit plant size/biodiversity OR climax community forms ✓ 		3 max
14.	b	 a. buildings/roads/walking prevent plant cover/soil development/cause soil erosion ✓ b. may destroy moss/soil organisms / damage emerging vegetation ✓ c. introduce alien species ✓ d. rubbish/solid waste/pollution may impede natural development ✓ e. feces/excrement may contribute to/alter soil development / add fertilizer/pesticides to increase growth of plants ✓ f. sow seeds/planting and so alter diversity ✓ g. irrigation/drainage to affect growth ✓ 		3 max

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Option D — Human physiology

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
16.	а	 Compare: a. all the data has large uncertainty OR for both time periods, the largest uncertainty is in the diabetic group OR both groups (diabetic and non-diabetic) have greater uncertainty in the 2003–09 time period ✓ 	One comparison and one contrast for two marks.	2 max
		 Contrast: b. higher mortality due to CHD in patients with diabetes in 87–96 OR higher mortality due to CHD in patients without diabetes in 03–09 ✓ 	Accept converse answers.	
16.	b	 a. claim supported for 87–96 data since patients without diabetes have lower mortality rate due to CHD ✓ b. claim possibly not supported for the 03–09 data since rate of CHD mortality is similar for the two groups ✓ c. mortality due to CHD in diabetes patients has decreased / mortality for non-diabetics has increased ✓ d. large variance/error bars/overlapping error bars for 03–09 do not allow firm conclusion ✓ e. no data on gender/age/obesity, etc. ✓ 	Accept converse answers.	2 max
16.	С	 a. high cholesterol/LDL/transfats/saturated fats (may lead to atherosclerosis) ✓ b. hypertension/high blood pressure (from stress or medical condition) ✓ c. obesity / lack of exercise / smoking ✓ d. genetic predisposition ✓ 		2 max

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Question		Answers	Notes	Total
17.	a	 Compare: a. both HPV and HV deoxygenated blood	One comparison and one contrast for two marks. Accept converse.	2 max
17.	b	 a. Kupffer cells engulf ruptured red blood cells by phagocytosis ✓ b. hemoglobin is broken down into component molecules ✓ c. some iron (from hemoglobin) transported to bone marrow/stored in liver ✓ d. protein component of hemoglobin converted to amino acids ✓ e. rest of heme component forms bile pigments ✓ 		3 max

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Question		Answers	Notes	Total
18.	а	aids peristalsis / reduces risk of intestinal disorders/cancer/constipation / reduces hunger ✓		1
18.	b	 a. combination of nervous <i>AND</i> hormonal control ✓ b. food in stomach stimulates chemoreceptors/stretch receptors / stretches the wall ✓ c. causes production of gastrin ✓ d. arrival of chyme to the small intestine triggers the release of hormones/secretin ✓ e. volume and composition of gastric juices are controlled ✓ 		2 max
18.	С	 a. villi/microvilli provide large surface area ✓ b. capillary network for absorption and transport ✓ c. lacteal for absorption and transport of lipids/fatty acids/glycerol / bile resorption ✓ d. mitochondria in epithelial cells provide energy for absorption ✓ 		2 max

19.		 Causes: a. deficiency in an essential nutrient ✓ b. excess of a nutrient ✓ c. may be due to social/socioeconomic/political factors ✓ d. unbalanced diet can result from malfunction of the hypothalamus ✓ Consequences: e. starvation can lead to breakdown of body tissues ✓ f. obesity can lead to other health problems/diabetes/CHD ✓ g. anorexia can lead to organ failure/serious health problems ✓ h. consequence of a named excess/deficiency ✓ 	Maximum 3 marks if both causes and consequences not mentioned.	4 max	
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